



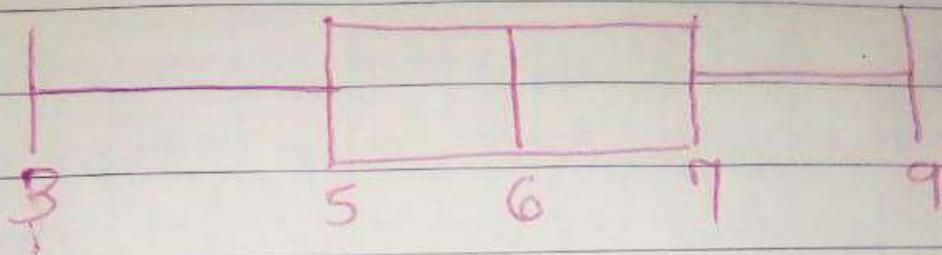
$$14 \text{ (a)} \quad 95 + 92 + 94 + 87 + 89 + 80 = \frac{537}{6} \\ = 90.2$$

$$b \quad 95 + 89 + 94 + 80 + 84 + 90 + 87 + 92 \\ \frac{711}{8} \\ = 88.9$$

(c) Student doing engineering course  
must be good in science and maths  
which have a great weight

16b

(b)



(c) No

All the data is close to the middle.

Q16

Monthly Sales	f	$(x - \bar{x})$	$f(x - \bar{x})^2$
3	1	-2.9	8.41
4	1	-1.9	3.61
5	4	-0.9	3.24
6	5	0.1	0.05
7	3	1.1	3.63
8	1	2.1	4.41
9	1	3.1	9.61

~~$= \frac{51.3001}{15}$~~   
 $\sqrt{\frac{32.96}{15}}$   
 $\sqrt{2.20}$

Interquartile range = 15

$$Q_3 = \frac{3}{4} \times 15 = \frac{45}{4} = 11.25$$

$$= 7$$

$$Q_1 = \frac{1}{4} \times 15 = \frac{15}{4} = 3.75$$

$$= 5$$

$$Q_3 - Q_1 = 7 - 5$$

$$= 2$$

Semi interquartile range

$$2 \div 2 = 1$$

2.7

1. (a)	Monthly sales	Tally	Frequency	Cumulative frequency
	3		1	1
	4		1	2
	5		4	6
	6		5	11
	7		3	14
	8		1	15
	9		1	16

b/c

2. (a) mass (kg)	Frequency	Tally	mid points	Relative frequency
231 - 240	2		235	$\frac{2}{25}$ 0.08
241 - 250	1		245	$\frac{1}{25}$ 0.04
251 - 260	1		255	$\frac{1}{25}$ 0.04
261 - 270	3		265	$\frac{3}{25}$ 0.12
271 - 280	5		275	$\frac{5}{25}$ 0.2
281 - 290	2		285	$\frac{2}{25}$ 0.08
291 - 300	3		295	$\frac{3}{25}$ 0.12
301 - 310	2		305	$\frac{2}{25}$ 0.08
311 - 320	3		315	$\frac{3}{25}$ 0.12
321 - 330	1		325	$\frac{1}{25}$ 0.04
331 - 340	1		335	$\frac{1}{25}$ 0.04
341 - 350	1		345	$\frac{1}{25}$ 0.04

3 (a) Categorical data

This is because the data is present for the whole category.

(b)

(c) It represents every category in the data.

Class	f	x	fx
231-240	2	235	470
241-250	1	245	245
251-260	1	255	255
261-270	3	265	795
271-280	5	275	1375
281-290	2	285	570
291-300	3	295	885
301-310	2	305	610
311-320	3	315	945
321-330	1	325	325
331-340	1	335	335
341-350	1	345	345

12(a)

mean = Assumed mean is the average number  
= 285

Median = 285

$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} = \frac{7155}{25}$$

12(b) Mean  $\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} = \frac{7155}{25} = 286.2$

Median = 285

(c) The results in (a) are assumed while that in (b) is calculated.

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Monthly Salary	frequency	$fx$
3	1	3
4	1	4
5	4	20
6	5	30
7	3	21
8	1	8
9	1	9
	<u>16</u>	<u><math>\Sigma fx = 95</math></u>

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{\Sigma f} = \frac{95}{16}$$

$$5.9$$

$$\text{Median} = 6$$

$$\text{Mode} = 6$$

12 (b) Each of the above measure describes the data in an equal measure.

13 (a) Median

(b) ~~The~~ No

This is because the vibration of ages is either positively or negatively skewed.

15. The mode is very important particularly when determining average size

b. The 25th and 75th percentiles coincide with first and 3rd quartiles

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(a) (i) 85

$$Z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{85 - 100}{15}$$

-1

(b) (i)  $\frac{135 - 100}{15}$

2.33

(ii)  $\frac{100 - 100}{15}$

= 0

(iii)  $\frac{62 - 100}{15}$

= -2.53

b

(i)  $Z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$

$$Z\sigma + \mu = x$$

$$x = 15 \times 1 + 100$$

$$15 + 100$$

$$= 115$$

(ii)  $x = (-2 \times 15) + 100$

$$= 70$$

(iii)  $x = (1.5 \times 15) + 100$

$$= 122.5$$

(iv)  $x = (-1.2 \times 15) + 100$

$$= 82$$

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(a) The interquartile range does not always relate with the median of a data.

(b) Subtract  $Q_1$  and median, ~~Median~~  $Q_2$  from  $Q_3$ . Add the difference and divide by two.

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$$\frac{10 \times 25}{100} = 2.5$$

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$$(9) Q_1 = \frac{1}{4} \times 26 = 6.5$$

$$260.5 + \left( \frac{225 \times 10}{3} \right)$$

$$= 266.5$$

$$Q_3 = \frac{3}{4} \times 26 = 19.5$$

$$300.5 + \left( \frac{1.5 \times 10}{2} \right)$$

$$= 310$$

$$(b) \frac{10 \times 25}{100} = 2.5$$

$$240 + 2.5$$

$$= 242.5$$

25th = first quartile

$$= 267.5$$

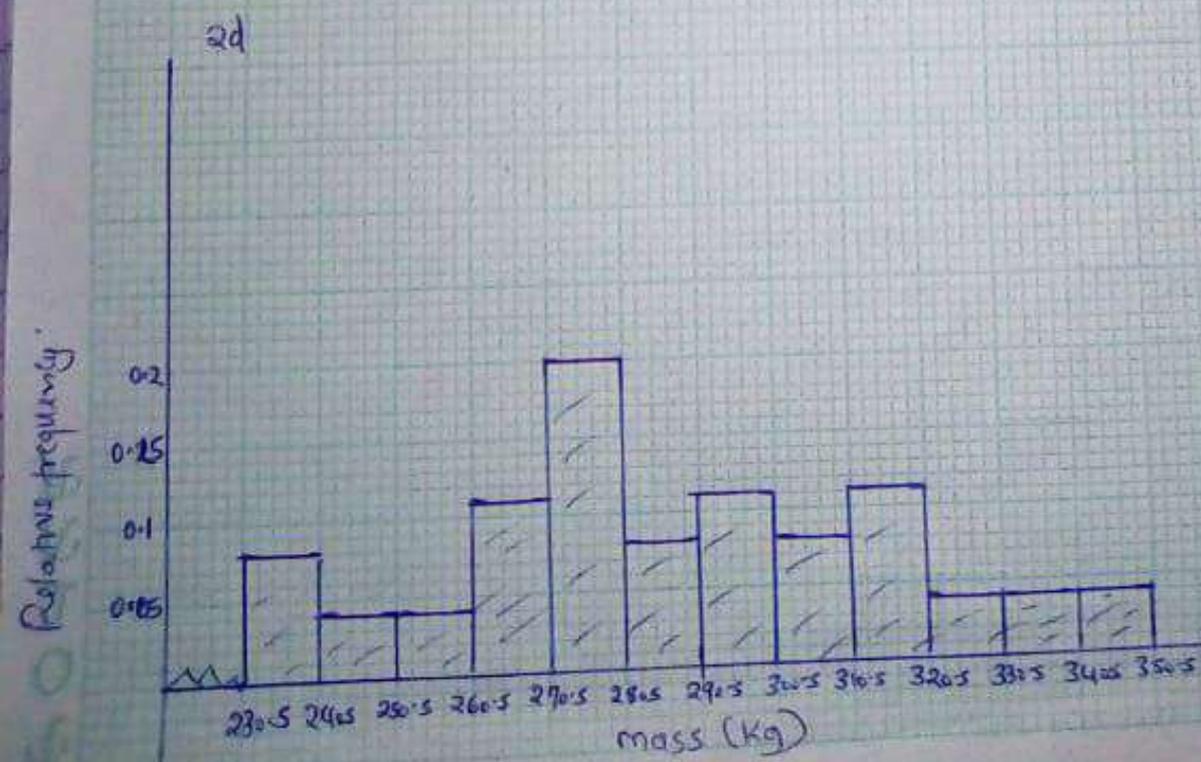
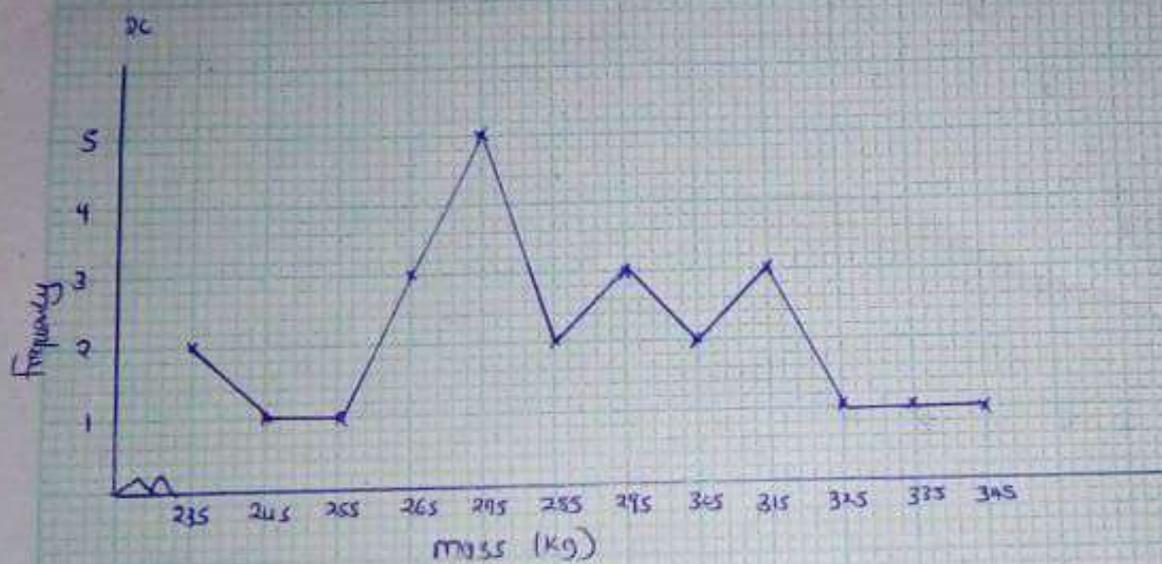
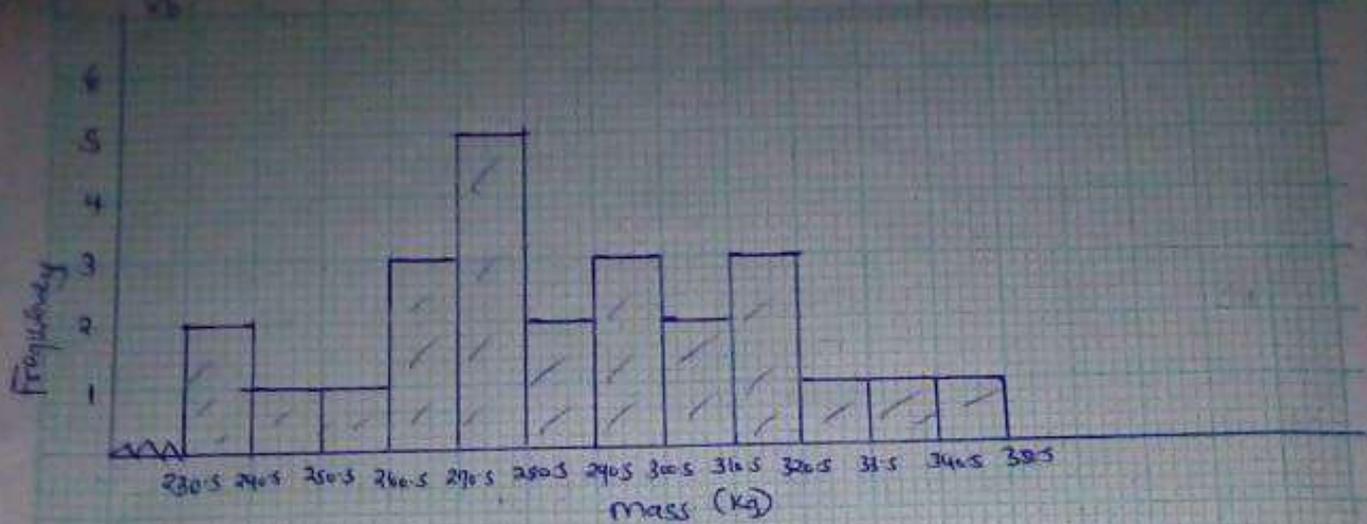
75th = 3rd quartile

$$= 310$$

$$90th = \frac{90}{100} \times 25 = 22.5$$

$$310.5 + 22.5$$

$$= 332.5$$



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(a) Mean

50, 52, 52, 54, 65, 67, 69, 71, 82, 84, 85, 86

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{50 + 52 + 52 + 54 + 65 + 67 + 69 + 71 + 82 + 84 + 85 + 86}{12}$$

$$= \frac{817}{12} = 68.1$$

$$\text{Median} = \frac{67 + 69}{2} = 68$$

$$(b) 50 - 68.1 = 327.61$$

$$2(52 - 68.1) = 518.42$$

$$54 - 68.1 = 198.81$$

$$65 - 68.1 = 9.61$$

$$67 - 68.1 = 1.21$$

$$69 - 68.1 = 0.81$$

$$71 - 68.1 = 8.41$$

$$82 - 68.1 = 193.21$$

$$84 - 68.1 = 252.81$$

$$85 - 68.1 = 285.61$$

$$86 - 68.1 = 320.41$$

$$2116.92$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2116.92}{12}} = 13.9$$

$$Q_1 = \cancel{50} \quad 52$$

$$Q_3 = 82$$

$$\text{Interquartile range} = 82 - 52 = 30$$

(c) Standard deviation

Because it caters for all the values in the data as it is centrally placed

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